

# Grammar Focus

*Teacher's Manual*

**Class I – V**

*Written by :*

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## Grammar Focus – 1

### Chapter-1 : Colours

**B. Unjumble the given words:**

White	Brown
Blue	Yellow
Pink	Orange

### Chapter-2 : Name of Days

**A. Complete the spellings:**

Thursday	Tuesday
Wednesday	Monday
Friday	Saturday
Sunday	

**B. Write their names in English:**

Sunday	Wednesday
--------	-----------

### Chapter-3 Our Body Parts

**A. Complete the spellings:**

Forehead	Fingers	Nose	Head
----------	---------	------	------

**B. Write the names of organs in English:**

Hand	Head
Nose	Fingers
Ear	Forehead

### Chapter-4 : Animal World

**A. Look and write:**

Cow	Monkey	Horse	Elephant
-----	--------	-------	----------

**B. Write in Hindi:**

बंदर	भैंस	घोडा
गाय	हाथी	हिरन

### Chapter-5 : Stationery

**A. Complete the spellings:**

Ruler	Ink	Sharpner
Pencil	Notebook	Eraser

**B. Unjumble the letter to make words:**

Pen                      ink  
Eraser                 book  
Bog                      pencil

**Chapter-6 : Fruits Name**

**A. Write in English:**

Pineapple              Pear  
Grapes                 Pomegranate  
Litchi                   Papaya

**B. Complete the spellings:**

Mango                 Pineapple              Banana  
Orange                Papaya                 Apple

**Chapter-7 Vegetables**

**A. Write in English:**

Cauliflower              Tomato                 Potato  
Ladyfinger               Brinjal                 Lemon

**C. Complete the spellings:**

Lemon                 Cabbage                Radish

**Chapter-8 : English Alphabet**

**A. Fill in the blanks with vowels a,e,i,o,u.**

won                      nip                      van  
map                      tip                      vet  
bat                        rip                      dog  
cub                        hen                      dad  
mug                        men                      dot

**B. All the words below have consonants in them. Write the consonants in the squares:**

T G R  
D R G N  
N D L  
T R S R S  
M R I G L D  
B X N G



### Chapter-9 : The Word

- A.** A group of letters which has a meaning is called a word.
- B. Correct the spellings:**
- |        |          |
|--------|----------|
| home   | house    |
| trees  | elephant |
| always | true     |
| bank   | mango    |
- C. Rearrange the jumbled letters:**
- |        |         |
|--------|---------|
| coat   | mat     |
| word   | soldier |
| blue   | copy    |
| bell   | horse   |
| carrot | work    |
- D. Circle the correct word:**
- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| a. god  | b. mat  |
| c. pen  | d. home |
| e. book |         |

### Chapter-10 : The Sentence

- A.** Sentence:- A sentence is a group of words arranged in a particular order and makes some sense.
- B. Make sentences using the following words:**
- Duck is swimming in water.
  - I have a blue pen.
  - This is English book.
  - My school name is Delhi Public School.
  - Dog is a faithful animal.
  - This box contains a gift.
  - He is an old man.
  - Kite is flying in the sky.
- C. Write in Hindi:**
- रवि एक खिलाडी है।

- b. मैं विद्यालय जाती हूँ।  
 c. मेरे पास छाता है।

**D. Rearrange the jumbled words to make sentence.**

- a. It is a pen.  
 b. This is a well.  
 c. I have an umbrella.

**Chapter-11 : The Noun**

**A. Circle the nouns:**

- |         |          |        |
|---------|----------|--------|
| pillow  | towel    | sun    |
| book    | pencil   | eraser |
| library | hospital | lamp   |
| song    | box      |        |

**B. Noun:-** A noun is the name of a person, place, animal or a thing. Ex: cow, boy.

- |                   |          |         |
|-------------------|----------|---------|
| <b>C.</b> Temple, | City,    | Delhi   |
| <b>D.</b> Rekha,  | Sanjeev, | Amitabh |
| <b>E.</b> Fan,    | Table,   | Pen     |

**F. Underline the nouns:**

- a. Carpenter, furniture  
 b. Player, game  
 c. Singer, song  
 d. Pen  
 e. Cow  
 f. Tree

**Chapter-12 : Number**

**A. Write the plurals:**

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| ants    | toys    |
| soaps   | boys    |
| keys    | fingers |
| flowers | pens    |
| ears    | books   |
| hands   | cows    |

**B. Circle the correct word:**

- book      pens      rat      bike      flower

### Chapter-13 : The Gender

**A. Write masculine or feminine:**

madam	king
sir	prince
aunt	tiger
wife	lioness
man	mother

**B. Circle the feminine nouns:**

a. cow	b. madam
c. woman	d. queen

**C. Write the feminine:**

aunt	tigeress
huntress	hen
madam	mummy
oxen	girl
lioness	mare
princess	queen

### Chapter-14 : Use of 'a' and 'an'

**A.** We use 'an' before the words starting with vowels a, e, i, o, u.

**B.** a, e, i, o, u

**C. Write 'a' or 'an':**

a	a	a
a	a	an
an	an	an
an	a	a
a	an	a

**D. Translate into English:**

a crow	a book
an ant	an utensil
a pen	an Indian
a tree	an owl
an orange	a garden
a goat	a stone

## Chapter-15 : The Pronoun

- A.** Pronoun:- A pronoun is a word used in place of noun. Ex: he, she, it, they, etc.
- B. Circle the pronouns:**  
He,            it  
She  
Your,        you  
His,        her  
I,            we
- C. Underline the pronouns:**
- |       |         |
|-------|---------|
| a. I  | b. They |
| c. We | d. He   |
| e. We | f. It   |
- D. Choose the correct pronoun:**
- |        |         |
|--------|---------|
| a. He  | b. Mine |
| c. She | d. They |

## Chapter-16 : The Adjective

- A.** Adjective:- An adjective is a word which tells us more about a noun or pronoun. Ex: good, dirty.
- B. Write the correct adjective:**
- |        |     |       |
|--------|-----|-------|
| red    | big | fat   |
| yellow | old | green |
- C. Underline the adjectives:**
- |           |            |
|-----------|------------|
| a. ugly   | b. round   |
| c. red    | d. helpful |
| e. hungry | f. foolish |
| g. noisy  | h. clever  |

## Chapter-17 : Opposites

- B. Write the opposites:**
- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| many  | one   |
| empty | back  |
| sad   | after |
| light | hard  |

stand  
down

cold  
noisy

### Chapter-18 : Homophones

- A.** Homophones:- Two words that sounds same but has different spellings are called homophones.
- B. Match :**
- I  
Hair  
Sea  
Deer  
Bye  
Plain  
Waist
- C. Circle the correct word:**
- nose      right      meat      aunt      weak

### Chapter-22 : Comprehension

**Part-B: Write the day please:**

Monday      Tuesday      Friday      Thursday      Wednesday

**Part-C: Write True or False:**

- a. False
- b. False
- c. False
- d. True
- e. False

**Part-D: Answer Yes or No:**

1. No
2. Yes
3. Yes
4. True

**Part E : Do yourself.**

## Grammar Focus – 2

### Chapter-1 : Noun

#### Exercise

Chair	Car	Shoe	Store
Television	Classroom	Pencil	

### Chapter-2 : Common and Proper Noun

- A. **Proper Noun:-** Sachin, Red fort, Delhi, Lotus temple, taj mahal.

**Common Noun:-** Balloon, pen, bot, market, city, eraser

- B. **Write 5 proper and 5 common nouns:**

	<b>Proper Noun</b>	<b>Common Noun</b>
1.	Harshita	Book
2.	Rahul	Girl
3.	Gujarat	Boy
4.	Agra	Dog
5.	Ramayana	Fruit

- C. **Underline the common nouns and circle the proper nouns:**

<b>Common Noun</b>	<b>Proper Noun</b>
book	chowmein
zoo	Mr. Sharama
player	K L Public School
neighbour	Africa
birds	India
animals	Anand
sister	
country	
village	

### Chapter-3 Nouns: Countable/ Uncountable

<b>Countable</b>	<b>Uncountable</b>
People	program
Candidate	water
Bottle	exercises

**Countable**

Policeman  
Glass  
Scientist  
Bread

**Uncountable**

oil  
juice  
rain  
glue  
Butter  
Tea  
Milk  
Honey  
Flour  
Coffee

**Chapter-4 : Nouns: Singular/ Plural****A. Make each word plural by adding 's' or 'es' at the end:**

- |          |            |
|----------|------------|
| 1. cats  | 2. dishes  |
| 3. ducks | 4. rings   |
| 5. boxes | 6. dresses |

**B. Write the plurals:**

- |            |              |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. cars    | 2. children  |
| 3. fairies | 4. mats      |
| 5. deers   | 6. benches   |
| 7. dogs    | 8. men       |
| 9. lobbies | 10. students |

**Chapter-5 : Nouns: Gender****A. Noun पढ़कर उचित लिंग पर सही (✓) का चिह्न लगाओ-**

- |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|
| 1. Masculine | 2. Feminine  |
| 3. Masculine | 4. Feminine  |
| 5. Neutor    | 6. Masculine |
| 7. Masculine | 8. Masculine |
| 9. Masculine | 10. Feminine |

**B. निम्न के gender लिखो:**

- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| 1. Neutor    | 2. Common   |
| 3. Neutor    | 4. Feminine |
| 5. Masculine | 6. Common   |

7. Masculine                      8. Feminine  
9. Feminine                        10. Masculine

C. निम्न के gender बदलो-

Father	gentleman
Godess	aunt
Sister	queen
Lion	husband
Poetess	woman

D. निम्न वाक्यों में मोटे लिखे शब्दों के gender बदलकर वाक्य दोबारा लिखो:

1. His son become a doctor.
2. She has a daughter.
3. Her wife is a miser.
4. I am your aunt.

### Chapter-6 : Pronoun

A. उचित pronoun भरो-

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| 1. She  | 2. They |
| 3. He   | 4. She  |
| 5. They | 6. He   |

B. Pronoun को रेखांकित करो-

- |           |          |
|-----------|----------|
| 1. I      | 2. My    |
| 3. Me     | 4. My, I |
| 5. My     | 6. My    |
| 7. My, me | 8. My    |

C. Pronoun की परिभाषा लिखो-

Pronoun:-A pronoun is a word used in place of noun.  
Noun के स्थान पर प्रयोग होने वाले शब्दों को pronouns कहते हैं।

D. Subject तथा object pronouns को उचित कॉलम में लिखो-

Subject	Object
You	me
It	its
He	them
They	her
We	



I                      us  
She                    him  
You

### Chapter-7 : The Adjective

- A. Adjective:- An adjective is a describing word.  
विशेषता बताने वाले शब्दों को adjective कहते हैं।
- B. प्रत्येक चित्र के लिए उपयुक्त adjective पर गोला बनाओ-
- |            |                |
|------------|----------------|
| 1. spotted | 2. curved      |
| 3. hollow  | 4. preety      |
| 5. small   | 6. huge        |
| 7. lively  | 8. cute        |
| 9. playful | 10. rose       |
| 11. small  | 12. waterproof |
| 13. grey   | 14. oval       |
| 15. open   |                |
- C. उपयुक्त adjective लिखो-
- |                  |           |
|------------------|-----------|
| 1. brown         | 2. nice   |
| 3. pig           | 4. soft   |
| 5. yellow        | 6. fun    |
| 7. little, green | 8. preety |

### Chapter-8 : The Verb

- A. Verb की परिभाषा उदाहरण सहित लिखो-
- A verb is a word that denotes an action. Example : I go to school. She studies
- Verb: go, studies
- B. उपयुक्त verb में रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति करो-
- |          |           |
|----------|-----------|
| 1. fly   | 2. drive  |
| 3. cut   | 4. wear   |
| 5. read  | 6. wear   |
| 7. ring  | 8. draw   |
| 9. ride  | 10. play  |
| 11. sing | 12. sleep |
| 13. walk | 14. drink |

C. प्रत्येक पंक्ति में verb पर गोला बनाओ-

- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1. dance  | 2. sing   |
| 3. talked | 4. visit  |
| 5. bought | 6. smiled |

### Chapter-9 : Use of This/That

• अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो:

1. That is a watermelon.
2. This is a spider.
3. That is a pen.
4. This is a clock.
5. That is a dog.
6. This is not a duck.
7. That is not a cloud.
8. That is not a tree.
9. That is not a cycle.
10. That is not a cow.

### Chapter-10 : Use of These and Those

• अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो:

1. Those are buds.
2. These are trees.
3. These are pens.
4. Those are stars.
5. These are flowers.
6. Those are not guns.
7. Those are not men.
8. Those are not children.
9. Those are not combs.
10. Those are not fairies.
11. Are those beasts?
12. Are these tins?

### Chapter-11 : Use of Here/ There

A. चित्रों को देखकर Here अथवा There लिखो-

- |         |          |
|---------|----------|
| 1. Here | 2. There |
|---------|----------|

3. Here
  4. There
- B. अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो:
1. Here is a grass.
  2. There is a tree.
  3. There is a house.
  4. Here is a temple.
  5. There is a lake.
  6. Here is rain.
  7. Here are children.
  8. There are players.
  9. Here are teachers.
  10. There is a actor.

C. हिंदी में अनुवाद करो:

- |                      |                        |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. यहाँ गुडियाँ हैं। | 2. वहाँ गाय हैं।       |
| 3. यहाँ पंखा हैं।    | 4. वहाँ लडका हैं।      |
| 5. यहाँ अध्यापक हैं। | 6. वहाँ खिलाडी हैं।    |
| 7. यहाँ एक उल्लू है। | 8. वहाँ मुर्गियाँ हैं। |
| 9. यहाँ फूल है।      | 10. वहाँ शेर है।       |

### Chapter-12 Use of Is/am/are

A. Is/am/are का प्रयोग करके रिक्त स्थान भरो-

- |       |        |        |
|-------|--------|--------|
| 1. is | 2. are | 3. is  |
| 4. is | 5. are | 6. are |
| 7. is |        |        |

B. अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो:

1. I am a farmer.
2. I am not a labour.
3. He is not honest.
4. Is this tea?
5. Are they rich?
6. Are they poor?
7. They are not happy.
8. We are not beggar.

9. My father is Doctor.
10. Your father is not a lawyer.

### Chapter-13 Use of Was/Were

- A.** रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति 'was' अथवा 'were' से करो-
- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| 1. were | 2. were |
| 3. was  | 4. were |
| 5. was  | 6. were |
| 7. was  | 8. were |
- B.**
1. He was not brother.
  2. You was not there.
  3. They were not soldiers.
  4. You was a poet.
  5. Was you an artist?
  6. He was not washerman.
  7. You was not a monk.
  8. Dinesh was a good player.
  9. Was cow sick?
  10. He was not fool.

### Chapter-14 : Use of Will / Shall

- A.** अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो:
1. We will go to park.
  2. You shall do homework.
  3. He will eat mango.
  4. We will play.
  5. You will dance.
  6. Horse will run.
  7. Manoj will do hardwork.
  8. I will row boat.
  9. He will swim.
  10. Sita will cook the food.
- B.** हिंदी में अनुवाद करो:
- |                  |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. रवि पढ़ेगा।   | 2. शीला सोएगी।  |
| 3. गाय दूध देगी। | 4. मैं लिखूँगा। |

- |                               |                        |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 5. वह तुम्हें परेशान करेंगे।  | 6. तुम मेरी मदद करोगे। |
| 7. मैं पाठ याद करूँगा।        | 8. हमें जाना चाहिए।    |
| 9. वह तुम्हें टिकट दिखा देगा। | 10- वे टमाटर लाएँगे।   |

### Chapter-15 : Opposites

- रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति उपयुक्त opposites से करो-
 

1. open	2. close
3. on	4. off
5. asleep	6. awake
7. good	8. evil
9. in	10. out
11. sweet	12. sour
13. hot	14. cold

### Chapter-16 : Prefix and Suffix

- मिलान करो-
 

1. transport	2. unable
3. backwards	4. kindness
5. realist	6. understood
7. improper	8. wonderful
9. knowledgeable	

### Chapter-17 : Jumbled Words and Sentences

#### A. Jumbled word puzzle.

- |             |          |
|-------------|----------|
| 1. camel    | 2. deer  |
| 3. lion     | 4. cow   |
| 5. elephant | 6. horse |
| 7. dog      | 8. cat   |
| 9. frog     |          |

#### B. Jumbled sentence puzzle:

1. These are juicy mangoes.
2. Ravi is very smart.



**Chapter-3 : Sentences and Their Types**

**A. Answer the following questions:**

1. A sentence is a word or a group of words that makes complete sense.
2. The syntax of a sentence is Subject + verb + object
3. The sentences of one word are go, quiet, fire, stop.
4. I am singing, I go to school daily.

**B. Put each sentence in order:**

1. The dog chased the cat.
2. I like going to the beach.
3. Fish lives under the sea.
4. Sam has got a new hat.
5. It is fun playing in the snow.
6. Our car is blue.

**Chapter-4 : Kinds of Sentences**

- A.
- |     |                      |   |               |
|-----|----------------------|---|---------------|
| 1.  | What is your name    | - | Interrogative |
| 2.  | I love my family     | - | Declarative   |
| 3.  | Help me!             | - | Exclamatory   |
| 4.  | No! I am not going   | - | Exclamatory   |
| 5.  | How old are you?     | - | Interrogative |
| 6.  | My dog is small      | - | Declarative   |
| 7.  | Look up in the sky   | - | Imperative    |
| 8.  | Go to bed            | - | Imperative    |
| 9.  | I can read           | - | Declarative   |
| 10. | Do you want to play? | - | Interrogative |
| 11. | I love school        | - | Declarative   |
| 12. | The house is on fire | - | Declarative   |
| 13. | I am happy.          | - | Declarative   |
| 14. | Where are we going?  | - | Interrogative |
| 15. | I am very tired      | - | Declarative   |
| 16. | What time is it?     | - | Interrogative |
| 17. | You are my friend    | - | Declarative   |
| 18. | Go to school         | - | Imperative    |

19. We won our game - Declarative

**B. Given below are few affirmative sentences. Write appropriate questions for each sentence. First one is done for you.**

1. Is Kartik sleeping in the class now?
2. Am I listening to the radio in bed?
3. Is grandmother watering the plants in the garden?
4. Is Vishal going out for lunch with his friend?
5. Is Manikanth sending emails from his office?

**C. Now change the affirmative sentences that are listed above into negative:**

1. Kartik is not sleeping in the class nor.
2. I am not listening to the radio in bed.
3. Grandmother is not watering the plants in the garden.
4. Vishal is not going out for lunch with his friend.
5. Manikanth is not sending e-mails from his office.

**D. Write two-two sentences of each kind on your own:**

- I. Declarative sentence
  1. She is an engineer.
  2. Raghu is playing with his friends.
- II. Interrogative sentence
  1. When will you visit your home?
  2. What do you think about this subject?
- III. Imperative sentence
  1. Stop the car immediately.
  2. Enjoy this delicious meal.
- IV. Exclamatory sentence
  1. May God bless you!
  2. Oh no! we lost him.

### Chapter-5 : Subject and Predicate

• Circle the subject and underline the predicate in the following sentences :

- | Subject  | Predicate       |
|----------|-----------------|
| 1. I     | want a new car. |
| 2. Sania | is nice.        |



<b>Subject</b>	<b>Predicate</b>
3. The sun	is moving.
4. Mahi	wrote the letter.
5. Ali	The letter was written by.
6. The farmers	are ploughing the field.
7. Sachin Tendulkar	is a good player.
8. The horse	ran in the field.
9. Nikhil	is driving.
10. Birds	are flying.
11. We	are playing chess.
12. They	were watching television.
13. Rakesh	likes to play football.
14. Virat Kohli	is the captain.

### Chapter-6 : Articles

#### A. Answer the following questions :

1. Articles को हिंदी में उपपद कहते हैं।
2. A तथा an को Indefinite article कहते हैं। क्योंकि ये अनिश्चित (indefinite) noun के पहले आते हैं। इनका प्रयोग साधारणतया singular countable nouns के साथ होता है और Uncountable nouns के साथ Article का प्रयोग नहीं होता।

#### B. Complete the following sentences using appropriate articles:

- |           |            |
|-----------|------------|
| 1. a      | 2. the     |
| 3. the    | 4. The     |
| 5. the    | 6. an      |
| 7. a, the | 8. a       |
| 9. an     | 10. a, the |
| 11. The   | 12. a      |
| 13. the   |            |

### Chapter-7 : Noun

#### • Underline the nouns in the following sentences and state their kind:

1. book, table - Common noun

2. love	- Abstract noun
3. water	- Material noun
4. jury	- Collective noun
5. Diwali	- Proper noun
6. Alcohol	- Material noun
7. animals, forests	- Common noun
8. Girls	- Common noun
9. Gold, metal,	- Material noun
10. Peter, Childhood	- Proper noun, Abstract noun
11. Earth, sun	- Proper noun
12. Rice, South Indian	- Common noun
13. Nature	- Common noun
Mankind	- Abstract noun

### Chapter-8 : Compound Noun

- Match each word in first column with one in the second column to make a compound word:

1. watermelon	2. matchstick
3. cupcake	4. headache
5. dishwasher	6. toothbrush
7. bedroom	8. paperclip
9. keyhole	10. football
11. airplane	12. grandmother
13. forget	14. underground

### Chapter-9 : The Noun: Number

- A. उपर्युक्त Plural Noun को घेरो:

1. pennies	2. scarves
3. dishes	4. peaches
5. calves	6. cherries
7. wishes	8. pouches
9. wolves	10. foxes
11. berries	12. shelves
13. boxes	14. bunnies
15. peaches	

B. निम्न के Plural लिखो:

- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| 1. dishes    | 2. goats    |
| 3. peas      | 4. peaches  |
| 5. forks     | 6. foxes    |
| 7. chairs    | 8. doors    |
| 9. Bees      | 10. lunches |
| 11. lights   | 12. lamps   |
| 13. brushes  | 14. bunnies |
| 15. taps     | 16. tops    |
| 17. frames   | 18. perches |
| 19. stories  | 20. ladies  |
| 21. families | 22. fairies |
| 23. tails    | 24. enemies |

C. वाक्यों को रंगीन nouns का plural लिखकर वाक्यों को पुनः लिखो-

1. I have pens.
2. They have cars.
3. A cat is playing with squirrels.
4. There are roses on those plants.
5. They have children.
6. She brought books.
7. The men are standing there.

### Chapter-10 : The Pronoun

A. उचित Pronoun छाँटकर रिक्त स्थान भरो-

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| 1. him   | 2. them  |
| 3. her   | 4. which |
| 5. which | 6. where |
| 7. these | 8. who   |

B. Pronouns को रेंखांकित करो-

1. **He** walked home.
2. **This** is their flat.
3. Did anyone see **my** pet?
4. Please give it to **me**.

5. *She* ate a sandwich.
6. *I* have piano practice at 5 o' clock.
7. Please ask *them*.
8. Are *they* at home?
9. *My* grandpa loves *me*.

**C. Write the definition of pronoun:**

Pronouns are words which are used in place of nouns.

**D. How many types of pronouns are there? Name them.**

There are 8 types of pronouns:

1. Personal Pronoun
2. Demonstrative Pronoun
3. Indefinite Pronoun
4. Relative Pronoun
5. Reflexive Pronoun
6. Interrogative Pronoun
7. Reciprocal Pronoun
8. Distributive Pronoun

**E. वाक्यों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़कर कोष्ठक में दिए nouns के लिए उपयुक्त pronoun छाँटकर लिखो-**

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| 1. he   | 2. he   |
| 3. it   | 4. them |
| 5. they | 6. we   |
| 7. him  | 8. her  |
| 9. his  | 10. he  |
| 11. it  | 12. we  |

### Chapter-11 : Adjective

**A. निम्न वाक्यों में Adjective को रेखांकित करो-**

1. I got *five new* dresses on my birthday.
2. Those birds have *colourful* feathers.
3. Seema has *beautiful long* hair.
4. Ratan gave a *difficult* exam.
5. The *fresh* apples are *sweet*.
6. lazy

7. dirty
8. fresh
9. hot, new
10. cold

B. रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति उपर्युक्त Adjective से करो-

- |          |            |
|----------|------------|
| 1. first | 2. dozen   |
| 3. blue  | 4. highest |
| 5. third | 6. dirty   |
| 7. eight | 8. new     |

C. Fill in the missing adjectives:

<i>Comparative</i>	<i>Superlative</i>
1. shorter	shortest
2. longer	longest
3. wiser	wises
4. bigger	biggest
5. quicker	quickest
6. happier	happiest
7. less	least
8. more	most
9. more pleasant	most pleasant
10. more beautiful	most beautiful
11. more important	most important
12. more thoughtful	most thoughtful

### Chapter-12 : Verb

A. What is a verb? Verb क्या होती है?

**Ans.** A verb is a word that describes the action of a person, thing of animal.

B. How many types of verbs are there? Verb कितने प्रकार की होती है?

**Ans.** There are 4 types of verb

1. Transitive verb
2. Intransitive verb
3. Linking verb
4. Helping verb

- C. What is the difference between transitive and intransitive verb? Transitive तथा Intransitive verb में क्या अंतर है?

The main difference between a transitive verb and intransitive verb is that transitive verb always required an object to make complete sense, whereas intransitive verb do not need any object to construct a complete sentence.

- D. Verbs को रेखांकित करो-

- |             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1. chew     | 2. singing   |
| 3. chirping | 4. reading   |
| 5. running  | 6. listening |

- E. Underline the verbs and write whether it is transitive or intransitive:

- |              |                |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1. ate       | - Transitive   |
| 2. brings    | - Transitive   |
| 3. fly       | - Intransitive |
| 4. writes    | - intransitive |
| 5. explained | - intransitive |

- F. Complete the table:

<i>Past</i>	<i>Past Participle</i>
added	added
wrote	written
danced	danced
took	taken
enjoyed	enjoyed
saw	seen
helped	helped
met	met

### Chapter-13 : Adverb

- A. Adverb को रेखांकित करो:

- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| 1. loudly    | 2. quietly  |
| 3. slowly    | 4. noisily  |
| 5. fiercely  | 6. brightly |
| 7. carefully | 8. proudly  |
| 9. quickly   | 10. rapidly |

- B. दिए गए वाक्यों के आगे - 'ly' लगाकर वाक्यों को पूरा करो:
1. quickly
  2. loudly
  3. politely
  4. slowly
  5. badly
  6. smoothly
  7. silently

### Chapter- 14 : The Preposition

- A. Prepositions को रेखांकित करो:
1. in
  2. at
  3. under
  4. in
  5. under
- B. उचित Prepositions लिखकर वाक्यों को पूरा करो:
1. at
  2. to
  3. in
  4. up
  5. in
  6. by
  7. at
  8. in
- C. बॉक्स में से छोटकर उचित Prepositions लिखो:
1. on
  2. on
  3. under
  4. on
  5. in
  6. between
  7. near

### Chapter-15 : Use of Am, Is and Are

- A. अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो:
1. I am happy.
  2. You are beautiful.
  3. I am rich.
  4. He is not healthy.
  5. I am not wrong.
  6. We are not rich.
  7. Is he a student?
  8. Are you deaf?
  9. Are you all teachers?

10. Why are they thieves?
11. Why Ram is coward?
12. How are they leaders?
13. We are not dishonest.
14. How are we lucky?

B. हिंदी में अनुवाद करो:

- |                              |                        |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. वो लडका है।               | 2. वे लोग वकील हैं।    |
| 3. हम भाई हैं।               | 4. हम खिलाडी कैसे हैं? |
| 5. वह एक पुलिसकर्मी नहीं है। |                        |

### Chapter-16 : Use of Was and Were

A. अनुवाद करो:

1. We were poor.
2. I was sad.
3. Ram was tired.
4. Boys were happy.
5. She was not poor.
6. Mohan was not guilty.
7. Children were not hungry.
8. Father was not at home.
9. Sita was not a doctor.
10. Peon was not honest.
11. Was he a doctor?
12. Was she beautiful?
13. Was Ramesh culprit?
14. Were children happy?
15. When was he sad?
16. How was Ram not kind?
17. When were you sick?
18. Why was Radha was upset?



### Chapter-17 : Use of Will be/Shall be

A. अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो:

1. I will be happy.
2. You will be present.
3. They will be sad.
4. He will be a leader.
5. I will be a great man.
6. He will be a dancer.
7. He will not be a player.
8. They will not be sad.
9. You will not be absent.
10. He will not be a lawyer.
11. Will he be hungry?
12. Why will he be happy?
13. Will he become a player?
14. How will he be a great man?
15. Why will Sita become dancer?
16. How will I come Bareilly?
17. When will you go to Meerut?
18. When will we go?
19. Why will he do not make project.

### Chapter-18 : Use of Has/Have

A. अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो:

1. I have a cow.
2. We have a house.
3. I have a beautiful ring.
4. He has a red car.
5. A horse has a tail.
6. A cow has two horns.
7. Boys have a bag.
8. The farmer has four sons.
9. They do not have two dogs.
10. I do not have a pen.

11. The queen do not have a crown.
12. The king do not have a minister.
13. Do they have a house?
14. Do they have two cows?
15. Why they do not have a house?
16. Why he do not have a car?
17. Why there is no tree in the garden?
18. Why there is no lion in the forest?

### **Chapter-20 : Comprehension**

**B. *Read the sentences below. Rewrite them in the correct order:***

I will put on my swimsuit.

I will jump in the water.

Grandma will fix lunch for me.

Mom will swim with me.

**C. *Answer the questions:***

1. I will go for swimming tomorrow.
2. I will jump in the water to get wet.

Chapter-1 : Vocabulary

- निम्न के अर्थ हिंदी में लिखो:

शीशा	फूल
तौलिया	घास
मूर्ति	फोन
साबुन	कंधा
अग्निशामक व्यक्ति	बाल्टी
बैरा	किसान
विद्यार्थी	पर्वत
नेता	गायक
चित्रकार	

Chapter-3 : The Sentence

- A. Sentence की परिभाषा लिखो।

Word or a group of words arranged in a particular order and gives some meaning is called a sentence. शब्द या शब्दों का समूह जो निश्चित क्रम में व्यवस्थित होता है तथा पूर्ण भाव व्यक्त करता है sentence (वाक्य) कहलाता है।

- B. Subject क्या होता है?

Subject वाक्य का वह भाग होता है, जिसके संबंध में कुछ कहा जाता है।

A subject is a part of sentence that contains the person or thing performing the action in a sentence. Ex: **Ravi** eats mango.

- C. Predicate क्या होता है?

वाक्य में जो कुछ भी subject के बारे में कहा जाता है वह वाक्य का Predicate भाग होता है।

Part of sentence that provides information about subject is called predicate. Ex: Ravi **eats mango**.

- D. वर्णों को व्यवस्थित करके sentence बनाओ:

1. Open your book.

2. Many girls are talking.
  3. I am making a beautiful mat.
  4. My father has gone to office.
  5. My grandma is telling stories.
- E. प्रत्येक शब्द समूह को पढ़कर लिखिए कि वाक्य है अथवा नहीं।
- 3, 4, 7, 8 - Sentences
- F. नीचे दिए गए वाक्यों में subject तथा predicate छाँटकर उपयुक्त स्थान पर लिखो:

<i>Subject</i>	-	<i>Predicate</i>
1. The old man	-	sat under a tree.
2. Alice	-	sang a beautiful song.
3. She	-	walked around the house.
4. The boy	-	solved the puzzle.
5. I	-	work at a bank.

G. प्रत्येक वाक्य को पढ़कर वाक्य का प्रकार लिखो (declarative, imperative, interrogative or exclamatory):

1. Exclamatory sentence
2. Interrogative sentence
3. Imperative sentence
4. Imperative sentence
5. Imperative sentence
6. Imperative sentence
7. Declarative sentence
8. Exclamatory sentence
9. Imperative sentence
10. Declarative sentence
11. Interrogative sentence
12. Imperative sentence
13. Interrogative sentence
14. Declarative sentence
15. Exclamatory sentence

### Chapter-4 : The Noun

- A. Noun की परिभाषा लिखो।
- A noun is a name of a person, place, animal, thing or a feeling.
- किसी भी व्यक्ति स्थान, पशु, वस्तु अथवा भाव के नाम को संज्ञा कहते हैं।
- Example: TajMahal, Table, etc.
- B. Noun कितने प्रकार के होते हैं? नाम बताओ।
- Noun 5 प्रकार के होते हैं-
1. Common noun
  2. Proper noun
  3. Collective noun
  4. Material noun
  5. Abstract noun

C. निम्न वाक्यों में से Noun छाँटकर लिखो:

- |                     |                |
|---------------------|----------------|
| 1. bee, blueberries | proper noun    |
| 2. Spain,           | proper noun    |
| 3. Iron, metal      | Material noun  |
| 4. Geeta            | Proper noun    |
| 5. Sun, east        | Proper noun    |
| 6. Ashoka           | Proper noun    |
| 7. Apple            | Proper noun    |
| doctor              | common noun    |
| 8. pen              | common noun    |
| 9. flower           | common noun    |
| red                 | proper noun    |
| 10. Preeti          | proper noun    |
| dress               | common noun    |
| 11. ten             | countable noun |
| tiger               | proper noun    |
| man                 | common noun    |

D. Collective nouns लिखो।

- |          |             |
|----------|-------------|
| 1. herd  | 2. army     |
| 3. pack  | 4. regiment |
| 5. pride | 6. troop    |
| 7. bunch | 8. set      |
| 9. gang  |             |

E. उपयुक्त nouns में रिक्त स्थान पूरे करो:

- |                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| 1. carrots     | 2. mangoes  |
| 3. man, jacket | 4. lady bug |
| 5. fish, pond  | 6. Taj      |
| 7. brain       |             |

F. Abstract nouns बनाओ:

- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| searching   | flight      |
| earning     | youth       |
| brotherhood | bravery     |
| cowardice   | foolishness |
| honesty     | childhood   |

## Chapter-5 : Number and Gender

- A. निम्न वाक्यों में मोटे शब्दों को Plural में बदलकर वाक्यों को पुनः लिखिए:
1. There are dishes on the table.
  2. I made wishes on a falling star.
  3. The postman brought letters.
  4. I saw dresses at the school.
  5. We found toothbrushes in the bathroom.
- B. कोष्ठक में दिए शब्द के Plural से रिक्त स्थान भरो-
- |             |          |
|-------------|----------|
| 1. children | 2. teeth |
| 3. oxen     | 4. mice  |
| 5. men      | 6. feet  |
- C. वाक्यों को Masculine gender को Feminine में बदलकर पुनः लिखो:
1. His Aunt is very rich.
  2. Her father is doctor.
  3. He has two sisters.
  4. We saw a lioness and a tigress in the zoo.
  5. His landlady is very rude.
  6. Madam is teaching in the class.
  7. The queen had four sons.
  8. Her friend was the hostess.

## Chapter-6 : The Pronoun

- A. निम्न वाक्यों के Pronouns को रेखांकित करके उनके प्रकार लिखो:
- |         |   |                         |
|---------|---|-------------------------|
| 1. I    | - | Personal – Ist person   |
| 2. This | - | Demonstrative           |
| my      | - | Personal – Ist person   |
| 3. them | - | Personal – IIIrd person |
| 4. you  | - | Personal – IInd person  |
| 5. This | - | Demonstrative           |
| Your    | - | Personal – IInd person  |
| 6. that | - | Demonstrative           |
| 7. He   | - | personal – IIIrd person |
| 8. I    | - | Personal – Ist person   |
| 9. He   | - | Personal – IInd person  |
| himself | - | Emphatic                |

10. Whose - Interrogative  
 You - Personal – IInd person
11. what - Interrogative  
 Your - Personal – II nd person
12. I - Personal-Ist person  
 myself - Emphatic
14. someone - Indefinite

B. निम्न Pronouns के द्वारा रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति करो:

- |         |        |
|---------|--------|
| 1. I    | 2. You |
| 3. It   | 4. It  |
| 5. He   | 6. It  |
| 7. They | 8. She |
| 9. You  | 10. He |

### Chapter-7 : The Adjective

A. उपयुक्त Adjectives द्वारा रिक्त स्थान भरो:

- |          |            |
|----------|------------|
| 1. angry | 2. foolish |
| 3. three | 4. honest  |
| 5. lazy  | 6. clever  |
| 7. some  | 8. no      |

B. Adjectives को रेखांकित करके प्रत्येक का प्रकार भी लिखो-

- |            |                        |
|------------|------------------------|
| 1. which   | Interrogative          |
| 2. ten     | Adjective of number    |
| 3. modern  | Adjective of quality   |
| 4. crowded | Adjective of quality   |
| 5. all     | Adjective of quantity  |
| 6. first   | Adjective of number    |
| 7. hate    | Adjective of quality   |
| 8. what    | Interrogative          |
| 9. sour    | Adjective of quality   |
| 10. each   | Distributive adjective |

C. Comparative तथा Superlative degree लिखो-

- |         |          |
|---------|----------|
| angrier | angriest |
|---------|----------|

calmer	calmest
duller	dullest
finer	finest
harder	hardest
heavier	heaviest
later	latest
more beautiful	most beautiful
newer	newest
older	oldest
richer	richest
worse	worst
simpler	simplest
smaller	smallest
shorter	shortest
more	most
more	most
better	best

- D. निम्न adjectives का प्रयोग करके वाक्य बनाओ:
1. Reena speaks German language.
  2. I like eating Chinese food.
  3. France is a big city.
  4. She had three pencils.
  5. Akshat stood second prize.
  6. The teacher gets angry.
  7. Harshita is intelligent girl.
  8. Birbal was a wise man.
  9. The donkey was foolish.
  10. Fox is a clever animal.
  11. Kashav is an honest man.
  12. I eat some rice.

### Chapter-8 : The Verb: Kinds and Forms

- A. Helping verb तथा main verb को रेखांकित करो:

1. was
2. has



- |         |          |
|---------|----------|
| 3. will | 4. might |
| 5. can  | 6. is    |
| 7. are  | 8. have  |
| 9. has  | 10. were |

B. प्रत्येक मोटे लिखे verb के लिए उपयुक्त helping verb लिखो:

- |        |          |
|--------|----------|
| 1. are | 2. has   |
| 3. am  | 4. had   |
| 5. is  | 6. is    |
| 7. had | 8. is    |
| 9. are | 10. have |

C. Verb की दोनों forms लिखो:

Wrote	written
Washed	washed
Rained	rained
Undid	undone
Threw	thrown
Gave	given
Tied	tied
Came	come
Went	gone
Told	told, Talked
Spoiled	spoiled
Spent	spent
Abused	abused
Admired	admired
Allowed	allowed
Appeared	appeared
Beat	beaten
Bought	bought
Climbed	climbed
Could	Could
Carried	carried
Cooked	cooked
Completed	completed

## Chapter-9 : The Adverb

A. प्रथम वाक्य में adjective दूढ़कर रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति उपयुक्त adverb से करो:

- |                |            |
|----------------|------------|
| 1. sweetly     | 2. loudly  |
| 3. fluently    | 4. angrily |
| 5. carelessly  | 6. nicely  |
| 7. wonderfully | 8. quietly |
| 9. well        | 10. simply |

B. निम्न adjectives के adverb बनाओ:

- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| 1. happiness | 2. simply   |
| 3. suddenly  | 4. nearly   |
| 5. deeply    | 6. directly |
| 7. fully     | 8. speedily |

## Chapter-10 : Prepositions

A. Prepositions को रेखांकित करो:

- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| 1. in      | 2. of     |
| 3. off     | 4. in     |
| 5. by      | 6. at     |
| 7. through | 8. across |
| 9. by      | 10. to    |

B. उपयुक्त Prepositions छाटकर रिक्त स्थान भरओ:

- |          |            |
|----------|------------|
| 1. among | 2. between |
| 3. under | 4. over    |
| 5. over  |            |

C. Prepositions को उपयुक्त स्थान पर लिखकर वाक्यों को पुनः लिखो:

1. The fish is in the pond.
2. Look at the beautiful pond.
3. The child fell down from the roof.
4. He was sitting in a corner.
5. The cat is jumping over the fire.
6. He will go to the market.
7. The bus is at the gate.

8. She is standing near the pool.
9. A cat came into the room.
10. The fox is under the tree.

### Chapter-11 : Conjunctions

**A. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunction given in brackets:**

- |           |             |
|-----------|-------------|
| 1. and    | 2. but      |
| 3. yet    | 4. either   |
| 5. before | 6. and      |
| 7. but    | 8. still    |
| 9. or     | 10. because |
| 11. so    | 12. because |

### Chapter-12 : Interjection

**A. Fill in the blanks with suitable interjection by choosing out from the words given below:**

- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| 1. Hush!   | 2. Bravo! |
| 3. Hello!  | 4. Alas!  |
| 5. Ha!     | 6. Fie!   |
| 7. Hurrah! | 8. Hello! |
| 9. Aha!    | 10. Lo!   |

**B. Fill in the suitable interjections in the blanks:**

- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| 1. Hush!   | 2. Alas!  |
| 3. Oh!     | 4. Hello! |
| 5. Alas!   | 6. Pooli! |
| 7. Hurrah! | 8. Hello! |
| 9. Offo!   | 10. Ho!   |
| 11. What!  | 12. Ah!   |

### Chapter-13 : Punctuation

• **Punctuate the following:**

- (i) I met John at the Post office.
- (ii) Rama is an old friend of mine.
- (iii) Chinese is difficult to learn.

- (iv) Miss Sheela is my teacher.
- (v) Who was the first woman to win the Nobel Prize?
- (vi) He rules his family with a rod of iron.
- (vii) May! God bless you.
- (viii) Neither Sarita nor Kavita was at home.
- (ix) Today is Sunday.
- (x) I did not sing because Reena was there.

### Chapter-14 : Present Indefinite Tense

A. Translate into English (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो):

1. I live in Gujarat.
2. He studies in class IV.
3. You play well.
4. I do not want to learn English.
5. Sun does not rise from west.
6. She does not write beautifully.
7. Do we go to school together?
8. Do you get up early in the morning?
9. Does he obey his parents?
10. At what time you go to school?

B. Translate into Hindi (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो):

1. मैं अंग्रेजी सीखना चाहता हूँ।
2. वह नियमित रूप से व्यायाम करते हैं।
3. वह अच्छा पकाती है।
4. मैं दवाई नहीं खाता।
5. माली बगीचे की देखरेख नहीं करता।
6. वह उसे रोज नहीं पढ़ाती।
7. आप कहाँ रहते हो?
8. क्या आप प्रतिदिन ईश्वर से प्रार्थना करते हो?
9. वे कब आए?
10. सूरज पूर्व से निकलता है।

C. निम्नलिखित शब्दों को प्रयोग करके Present Indefinite Tense के वाक्य बनाओ:

1. Who lives here?
2. How are you?
3. Do you like movies?
4. Does he write letter?
5. What is your name?
6. When did you come?

### Chapter-15 : Present Continuous Tense

A. Translate into Hindi (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो):

1. मैं अपनी कमीज धो रहा हूँ।
2. वह सो रही है।
3. बच्चे खेल रहे हैं।
4. हम पार्क में चल रहे हैं।
5. वह खत लिख रहा है।
6. तुम कुछ खाना नहीं खा रहे हो।
7. मैं अपने आप को परीक्षा के लिए तैयार कर रहा हूँ।
8. वह पानी नहीं पी रहा है।
9. वह कमरे की सफाई नहीं कर रहा है।
10. वह चाय नहीं बना रही हैं।
11. तुम खाना क्यों नहीं खा रहे हो?
12. क्या वह फिल्म नहीं देख रहा है।
13. क्या वे हँस रहे हैं?
14. वे क्यों रो रहे हैं?
15. क्या वे तुम्हारा इंतजार कर रहे हैं?

B. Translate into English (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो):

1. I am going to temple.
2. Reena is writing a letter.
3. Raman is painting picture.

4. Washerman is washing clothes.
5. Children are playing in playground.
6. Chaman is not playing volley ball.
7. I am working on laptop.
8. They are not helping us.
9. Monkey is not eating mango.
10. Saloni's mouth is not watering.
11. Is the kite flying in sky.
12. Are the children giving exams?
13. Is everyone doing their work?
14. Why are you laughing?
15. Whom are you waiting for?

C. निम्न Interrogative words का प्रयोग करते हुए Present Continuous Tense के वाक्य लिखो:

1. Who is playing football?
2. When are you going to office?
3. Where are you living now?
4. How are you coming to school?
5. Why are you crying?

### **Chapter-16 : Past Indefinite Tense**

A. Translate into English (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो):

1. He bought a car.
2. They ate food.
3. He called me.
4. I completed work on laptop.
5. Children did not like movie.
6. I did not complete my work.
7. I did not help him/her.
8. Cow did not give milk.
9. Did she sang a song?
10. Did you watch that movie?
11. Did she laughed?

**B. Tranlate into Hindi (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो):**

1. मैंने लैपटॉप खरीदा था।
2. उसने नौकरी के लिए अर्जी दी थी।
3. मैंने अपना खाना खाया था।
4. वह मुझे मॉल में मिला था।
5. उसने कमरा साफ नहीं किया था।
6. चपरासी ने घंटी नहीं बजाई थी।
7. उसने मुझसे प्रश्न नहीं किया था।
8. वह जोकर देखकर नहीं हँसी थी।
9. क्या वह यहाँ आया था?
10. वे वहाँ क्यों गए थे?
11. बारिश कब हुई थी?
12. तुम कैसे पढ़ते हो?

**Chapter-17 : Past Continuous Tense**

**A. Tranlate into Hindi (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो):**

1. वह तुम्हारा इंतजार कर रहा था।
2. मैं अपना पाठ याद कर रहा था।
3. वे फुटबॉल खेल रहे थे।
4. मैं मन्दिर जा रहा था।
5. वह पत्र लिख रही थी।
6. वह नृत्य नहीं कर रही थी।
7. वे क्रिकेट नहीं खेल रहे हैं।
8. वे गेंद नहीं ढूँढ़ रहे थे।
9. अध्यापक लडके को नहीं डाँट रहे थे।
10. वह अपनी गाड़ी चला रहा था।
11. क्या वह साइकिल चला रहा था?
12. क्या कुत्ता अनजान व्यक्ति पर भौंक रहा था?

13. वे अपना खाना क्यों खा रहे थे?
  14. वह मुम्बई क्यों जा रही थी?
  15. वह अकेला क्यों चल रहा था?
- B. Translate into English (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो):
1. The lion was roaring.
  2. I was writing a letter.
  3. Children were playing cricket.
  4. It was raining heavily.
  5. Raman was studying.
  6. Cow was not grazing grass.
  7. Duck was not swimming in water.
  8. Mohan was not playing cricket.
  9. Women/ Ladies were not swinging.
  10. Father was not going to office.
  11. Why he was throwing stones?
  12. Did Sonia was roaming outside?
  13. Did he was hoisting National flag?
  14. Did the Minister come?

### Chapter-18 : Future Indefinite Tense

- A. Tranlate into Hindi (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो):
1. वह यहाँ कल आएगा।
  2. वह इस महीने लैपटॉप खरीदेगा।
  3. वे सारांश भेजेंगे।
  4. वह नए विद्यालय में दाखिला लेगा।
  5. मैं उसे एक अच्छा उपहार दूँगा।
  6. वह कार नहीं खरीदेगा।
  7. वह कॉलेज नहीं जाएगी।
  8. टीम क्रिकेट नहीं खेलेगी।
  9. वह यह पुस्तक नहीं पढ़ेगा।
  - 10- मैं कल मॉल नहीं जाऊँगा।



11. क्या तुम उसके माता-पिता का कहना मानोगे?
  12. क्या तुम मेरी मदद करोगे?
  13. तुम वहाँ कैसे जाओगे?
  14. वे कब आएँगे?
  15. क्या तुम कल दफ्तर जाओगे?
- B. Translate into English (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो):

1. My mother will go to temple.
2. Deepak will go to market tomorrow.
3. You will go to school tomorrow.
4. We will learn lesson tomorrow.
5. We will come from Delhi tomorrow.
6. You will not play match.
7. He will not kill/beat Aditi.
8. Children will not remain hungry.
9. World will become beautiful.
10. I will not tell lie.
11. Will you speak truth?
12. At what time will you play?
13. When will your mother arrive?
14. At what time we will go to school?
15. At what time exam will start?

### Chapter-19 : Future Continuous Tense

- A. Translate into Hindi (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो):

1. अध्यापक कक्षा में पढ़ा रहा होगा।
2. कक्षा मैदान में जा रही होगी।
3. प्रधानाचार्य भाषण दे रहे होंगे।
4. मैं तुम्हें पढ़ा रहा हूँगा।
5. हम रेलगाड़ी से जा रहे होंगे।
6. पड़ोसी काम नहीं कर रहे होंगे।
7. मैं मुम्बई नहीं जा रहा हूँगा।

8. गाय घास नहीं चर रही होगी।
9. तेज बारिश नहीं हो रही होगी।
10. वह तुम्हें नहीं बुला रहा होगा।
11. क्या तुम पुस्तक पढ़ रहे होगे?
12. क्या वह विद्यालय जा रहा होगा?
13. वे कल कितने बजे खेल रहे होंगे?
14. तुम कब जा रहे होंगे?
15. मैं तुमसे कैसे मिल पाऊँगी?

B. Translate into English (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो):

1. Teacher will be teaching lesson.
2. You will be playing cricket match.
3. We will be going to cinema.
4. My mother will be cooking food.
5. He will be washing clothes.
6. Children will not be playing in playground.
7. We will not be going to Himachal.
8. You will not be learning your lesson.
9. Labour will not be doing work.
10. Ram will not be making tea.
11. Will the monkeys be eating bread?
12. Elephant will be walking in jungle.
13. When we will be going to Dehradun?
14. Will father be watching television?
15. Will they be laughing on people?

## Chapter-20 : Comprehension

### **Questions:**

Lata's New Bike

1. Lata has a new bike.
2. The colour of Lata new bike is red.
3. There is orange flag on the back of bike.
4. Lata rides her bike after school.

5. Lata goes to Ravi's house on her bike.
6. Lata goes back home.

**Questions:**

**Big Balloons**

1. On Kittu's birthday, his friend gave him eleven balloons.
2. Kittu's friend gave him the balloons.
3. Eleven balloons.
4. Red, green, yellow, blue, pink and sky blue are the colours of balloons.
5. Kittu said to his friend – 'Thank you'.
6. Kittu holds the balloons tightly so that they don't fly away.

**Chapter-22 : Story Sequencing**

**2. Read the sentences below. Rewrite them in the correct order.**

- a. My mother gave me some seeds.
- b. I planted the seeds.
- c. I watered the seeds.
- d. Some flowers began to grow.

**3. Make sentences:**

- Seeds :- Reeta planted the seeds in garden.  
Garden :- There is a big garden in my house.  
Mother :- My mother is a teacher.  
Flowers :- There are beautiful flowers in my school garden.

Chapter-1 : Vocabulary

*Rhyming words:*

- |                   |                |
|-------------------|----------------|
| • pie, high       | • thrown, bone |
| • cream, scheme   | • blow, plough |
| • sheep, heap     | • quote, goat  |
| • raw, straw, jaw | • drop, plop   |
| • pick, trick     | • rain, jane   |

**A.** उपयुक्त **prefixes** का प्रयोग करके रिक्त स्थानों को भरें:

- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. undone      | 2. nonstop      |
| 3. nonfiction  | 4. excite       |
| 7. antisocial  | 8. mislead      |
| 9. misprint    | 10. exit        |
| 11. unemployed | 12. uncover     |
| 13. nonsense   | 14. expect      |
| 15. predict    | 16. unfortunate |
| 17. subscribe  | 18. mistreat    |

**B.** *Find the correct prefix from the brackets and rewrite the word:*

- |                 |                   |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| 2. unever       | 3. replay         |
| 4. misbehave    | 5. unkind         |
| 6. misfire      | 6. unsatisfactory |
| 8. misfortunate | 9. impolite       |
| 10. unnatural   | 11. irresponsible |
| 12. immature    |                   |

Chapter-2 Parts of Speech

☞ Paragraph में आए रंगीन शब्दों के parts of speech लिखें:

- |            |   |           |
|------------|---|-----------|
| Mobiles    | - | Noun      |
| these      | - | Adjective |
| see        | - | Verb      |
| every hand | - | adverb    |
| They       | - | pronoun   |

harmful	-	adjective
receive	-	verb
emit	-	verb
health	-	noun
driving	-	verb
many	-	adjective
in student's	-	preposition
telemarketing	-	noun
nuisance	-	adjective
flooded	-	adverb
of	-	preposition
bad, good	-	adjective
carefully	-	adverb

### Chapter-3 : The Noun

वाक्यों में आए संज्ञा छोटकर प्रत्येक का प्रकार लिखो:

2. honesty - abstract noun
3. two - countable noun
- children - common noun
4. lion - common noun
- king - common noun
- beasts - common noun
5. Solomon - proper noun
- Kings - common noun
6. Cleanliness - Abstract noun
- Godliness - Abstract noun
7. Birds - common noun
- flock - collective noun
8. Grammar - proper noun
9. Nile - proper noun
10. apple - proper noun
11. voice - common noun
12. lie - common noun

## Chapter-4 : Gender

### A. उपयुक्त **masculine** अथवा **feminine gender** लिखिए:

- |              |               |
|--------------|---------------|
| 1. Feminine  | 2. Masculine  |
| 3. Feminine  | 4. Masculine  |
| 5. Feminine  | 6. Masculine  |
| 7. Feminine  | 8. Masculine  |
| 9. Feminine  | 10. Masculine |
| 11. Feminine | 12. Masculine |
| 13. Feminine | 14. Masculine |
| 15. Neutor   | 16. Masculine |
| 17. Feminine | 18. Masculine |
| 19. Feminine | 20. Feminine  |
| 21. Feminine | 22. Masculine |
| 23. Feminine | 24. Masculine |

### B. Change the words in bold from feminine to masculine:

1. The boy looks very much like his brother.
2. The master gave her male servant a present.
3. The boy is talking to my grandfather.
4. My uncle works in a museum.
5. The ox was chased by the lawyer.
6. My paternal uncle is a spinstar.
7. My nephew has a pet.
8. The actor played the part of the hero in the movie.
9. This boy is the groom.
10. Mr. Sanjay is our headmaster.

## Chapter-5 : Case

### B. कोष्ठक में दिए गए **noun** की **possessive form 1st** रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति करो:

- |             |                    |
|-------------|--------------------|
| 1. Wife's   | 2. Father in law's |
| 3. Richa's  | 4. King's          |
| 5. Friend's | 6. Children's      |

## Chapter-6 Noun : Number

### A. Singular और plural nouns का मिलान करो:

- |             |           |
|-------------|-----------|
| 1. bottles  | 2. boxes  |
| 3. knives   | 4. women  |
| 5. children | 6. feet   |
| 7. deer     | 8. houses |
| 9. babies   | 10. geese |

### B. निम्न nouns के plural लिखो:

- |                     |                   |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Churches         | 2. oxen           |
| 3. daughter in laws | 4. handkerchieves |
| 5. pianos           | 6. stories        |
| 7. shelves          | 8. mangoes        |
| 9. teeth            | 10. ladies        |

### C. उपयुक्त विकल्प पर (✓) का चिह्न लगाओ:

- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1. oxen   | 2. leaves |
| 3. sheeps |           |

## Chapter-7 : Adjective

### A. कॉलम A के Nouns से कॉलम B के adjectives का मिलान करो:

- |              |   |             |
|--------------|---|-------------|
| 1. ease      | - | easy        |
| 2. pity      | - | pityful     |
| 3. time      | - | timely      |
| 4. wealth    | - | wealthy     |
| 5. love      | - | lovely      |
| 6. hill      | - | hilly       |
| 7. need      | - | needy       |
| 8. cost      | - | costly      |
| 9. pain      | - | painful     |
| 10. doubt    | - | doubtful    |
| 11. wonder   | - | wonderful   |
| 12. peace    | - | peaceful    |
| 13. mountain | - | mountainous |

14. ridicule - ridiculous  
 15. picture - picturesque  
 16. labour - laborious

**B. Adjectives को रेखांकित करके उसका प्रकार लिखिए:**

1. poor, wretched
2. serious
3. violent
4. wide
5. liar
6. early
7. tragic, heavy
8. decisive
9. devoted
10. healthy

**Chapter-8 : Pronoun**

**A. निम्न वाक्यों में personal pronouns को छाँटकर सामने लिखो:**

1. He - Personal
2. I - Personal- First person  
 him - Personal
3. She - Personal – Third person
4. You - Personal –second person  
 her - Personal –third person
5. me - Personal – first person
6. you - Personal –second person
7. you - Personal –second person
8. she - Personal –third person  
 you - Personal – second person
9. my - Personal – first person
10. it - Personal – third person

**B. Fill in the blanks using appropriate interrogative pronouns:**

1. What
2. What



- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| 3. Who   | 4. What  |
| 5. What  | 6. What  |
| 7. What  | 8. Whom  |
| 9. Who   | 10. Whom |
| 11. What | 12. Whom |
| 13. What | 14. What |
| 15. What |          |

### Chapter-9 : Types of Effect of Verb

#### A. Verb छाँटकर लिखिए कि वह transitive है अथवा intransitive:

- |           |   |              |
|-----------|---|--------------|
| 1. kicked | - | Transitive   |
| 2. shot   | - | Intransitive |
| 3. hit    | - | Transitive   |
| 4. cooks  | - | Intransitive |
| 5. played | - | Transitive   |
| 6. slept  | - | Intransitive |
| 7. came   | - | Transitive   |
| 8. were   | - | Intransitive |
| 9. is     | - | Intransitive |
| 10. dead  | - | Intransitive |

#### B. Verb का gender पर प्रभाव क्या पडता है। उदाहरण सहित लिखिए:

- |                 |   |                   |
|-----------------|---|-------------------|
| Boy is reading  | - | लड़का पढ़ रहा है। |
| Girl is reading | - | लड़की पढ़ रही है। |

#### C. Verb का number पर प्रभाव क्या पडता है। उदाहरण सहित लिखिए:

- |                    |   |                      |
|--------------------|---|----------------------|
| Girl is sleeping   | - | लड़की सो रही है।     |
| Girls are sleeping | - | लड़कियाँ सो रही हैं। |

### Chapter-10 : Adverb

#### A. Adverb को रेखांकित कीजिए:

- |           |            |
|-----------|------------|
| 1. before | 2. now     |
| 3. lately | 4. already |

- |                |              |
|----------------|--------------|
| 5. late        | 6. few       |
| 7. soon        | 8. never     |
| 9. once, seen  | 10. here     |
| 11. twice      | 12. often    |
| 13. once       | 14. again    |
| 15. frequently | 16. here     |
| 17. up         | 18. Away     |
| 19. there      | 20. out      |
| 21. in         | 22. backward |
| 23. clearly    | 24. Soundly  |
| 25. sadly      |              |

**B.** निम्न वाक्यों में **adverbs** छाटकर उसका प्रकार लिखे:

- |               |   |                    |
|---------------|---|--------------------|
| 1. yesterday  | - | adverb of time     |
| 2. seldom     | - | adverb of manner   |
| 3. too        | - | adverb of manner   |
| 4. daily      | - | adverb of time     |
| 5. everywhere | - | adverb of place    |
| 6. well       | - | adverb of manner   |
| 7. always     | - | adverb of time     |
| 8. altogether | - | adverb of quantity |
| 9. certainly  | - | adverb of manner   |
| 10. partly    | - | adverb of quantity |

### Chapter-11 : Prepositions

**A.** Prepositions को रेखांकित करो:

- |         |         |
|---------|---------|
| 1. to   | 2. at   |
| 3. into | 4. onto |
| 5. into | 6. in   |
| 7. on   | 8. at   |

**B.** 'At', 'In' or 'on' का प्रयोग करके वाक्य पूरे करो:

- |       |       |
|-------|-------|
| 1. on | 2. in |
| 3. in | 4. in |

5. in  
7. on
6. in

C. उचित **Prepositions** द्वारा रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिए:

1. with  
3. on  
5. at  
7. within  
9. up
2. above  
4. to  
6. in  
8. from

D. निम्न **Prepositions** को वाक्यों में प्रयोग करो:

1. Teena house is behind the tree.  
2. Teacher came after 8:00 am.  
3. Guests are coming from Meerut.  
4. Birds are flying over the tree.  
5. Put these plates upon the table.  
6. The cat is sitting under the table.

### Chapter-12 : Conjunctions

A. **Conjunctions** छाटकर सामने लिखिए:

1. neither, nor  
3. than  
5. or  
7. and  
9. but
2. that  
4. till  
6. neither, nor  
8. or  
10. because

B. रिक्त स्थानों की पूर्ति दिए गए **Conjunctions** की सहायता से कीजिए:

1. and  
3. if  
5. until
2. but  
4. that

C. **Conjunctions** को रेखांकित कीजिए:

1. or  
3. while  
5. if
2. that  
4. if

## Chapter-13 : Tense

### A. प्रत्येक वाक्य का tense लिखो:

- |                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. Past tense    | 2. Future tense  |
| 3. Present tense | 4. Past tense    |
| 5. Present tense | 6. Present tense |

### B. निम्नलिखित के past form लिखिए:

allowed	hunted	paid
plucked	quarrelled	remembered
ran	sang	spoke
studied	taught	wrote

### C. निम्न वाक्यों की verbs को Past tense में लिखकर वाक्यों को पुनः लिखे :

1. The boys flew kites.
2. Ankita tore papers.
3. I played.
4. They went to Cinema.
5. We watched the television daily.
6. She plucked flowers.
7. My cat drank milk.
8. They sang a song.
9. We called her.
10. She wrote essays.

## Chapter-14 : Present Tense

### A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो) :

1. We go to home.
2. He eats food.
3. You fly kite.
4. We do not sing song.
5. Why do you cry?
6. He does not write letter.
7. Why do you laugh?

8. Do you do your work?
9. You sleep early.
10. Father comes late from office.
11. When do you bath?
12. When your mother cooks breakfast?

**B. Tranlate into Hindi. (हिंदी मे अनुवाद करो) :**

1. लड़के क्रिकेट खेलते हैं।
2. तुम कब खेलते हो?
3. सूरज कहाँ से निकलता है।
4. तुम विधालय कैसे जाते हो?
5. तुम्हें कौन पढाता है?
6. मैं तुम्हें नहीं पढाती।
7. उसका दोस्त यहाँ आता है।
8. वह अच्छा नहीं पढी।
9. तारा कैसे चमकता है?
10. इन्द्रधनुष के सात रंग हैं।
11. लड़का लड़ता है।

**Present Continuous Tense**

**A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी मे अनुवाद करो) :**

1. Ram is writing a letter.
2. Girls are going to school.
3. Carpenter is making a chair.
4. He is running in the playground.
5. Boys are playing football match.
6. I am singing a song.
7. Are girls studying in the room?
8. Is sun rising in the sky?
9. Am I not writing a letter?
10. Why are you going there?

11. I am not going there.
12. Child/ Baby is not drinking milk.

**B. Tranlate into Hindi. (हिंदी मे अनुवाद करो) :**

1. हम पत्र लिख रहे हैं।
2. वे क्रिकेट खेल रहे हैं।
3. वह दरवाजा खोल रहा है।
4. अध्यापक कक्षा मे पढ़ा रहा है।
5. चपरासी घंटी बजा रहा है।
6. माली पौधो को पानी दे रहा है।
7. वहाँ कोई नही खड़ा है।
8. वह कहाँ खड़ी है।
9. वे मुम्बई कैसे जा रहे हैं?
10. बन्दर पेड़ पर कूद रहे हैं।

**Present Perfect Tense**

**A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी मे अनुवाद करो) :**

1. Ravi has done his work.
2. Mother has cooked the food.
3. It has rained.
4. Father has gone to office.
5. Mani has not come today.
6. Narendra has not eaten food.
7. I have learned my lesson.
8. Raman has cooked the food.
9. Tailor has sewed the clothes.
10. Has Mohan gone for tution?
11. Why Radha has still not come?

**B. Tranlate into Hindi. (हिंदी मे अनुवाद करो) :**

1. मेहमान आ चुके हैं।
2. मैंने अपना खा लिया है।

3. तुमने अच्छा काम किया है।
4. उसे मेरा पत्र नहीं मिला।
5. उसने मुझे अपनी किताबें नहीं दी।
6. क्या तुमने सारा काम खत्म कर लिया।
7. उसने कैमरा खरीदा।
8. तुम कहाँ चले गए?
9. मैंने तुम्हें मेल नहीं भेजा।
10. क्या तुमने मेरा नया कैमरा देखा?
11. क्या उसने कभी तुम्हारी मदद की?

### Present Perfect Continuous Tense

#### A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो) :

1. Anita has been singing sweet song since two hours.
2. Has sun been setting since 5'o clock?
3. Why you have not been helping him since yesterday?
4. We have not been losing the match since Sunday.
5. Why Radha has not been cooking food since yesterday.
6. Kartik has been playing since 2'o clock.
7. Have you been playing since morning?
8. He has not been living here since two weeks.
9. Sheep have been grazing in ground since morning.
10. Has Doctor been visiting the hospital since two weeks?

#### B. Translate into Hindi. (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो) :

1. रागिनी दस मिनट से क्या कर रही है?
2. वह चार दिन से खेल रहा है।
3. रोगी दो दिन से दवाई नहीं ले रहा है।
4. रेलगाड़ी एक घंटे से प्लेटफार्म पर नहीं आई है।
5. वह दो घंटे से किताब पढ़ रही है।
6. कमला पाँच मिनट से मुझसे नहीं लड़ रही है।

7. वे सोमवार से ताश नहीं खेल रहे हैं।
8. मैं चार घंटे से कामना को पढ़ा रहा हूँ।

### Chapter-15 Past Tense

#### A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो) :

1. My mother went to temple.
2. My sister came first in exams.
3. The boy ate the food.
4. There was no fruits on the tree.
5. Was it rained?
6. When did Rama arrived?
7. What was Bhavya doing?
8. Were children studying diligently?
9. Why did you went there?
10. Why he did not helped you?

#### B. Translate into Hindi. (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो) :

1. सचिन पार्क गया था।
2. उन्होंने अपना काम किया था।
3. उसने पत्र लिखा था।
4. उसने पत्र क्यों लिखा?
5. तुम विद्यालय क्यों गए थे?
6. तुम कहाँ से आए थे?
7. रवि ने एक सुन्दर तोहफा दिया था।
8. सीमा बेंच पर खड़ी थी।
9. मेरी माता जी ने मुझे सुन्दर घड़ी दी थी।
10. वह आज कहाँ रहा था।
11. उसने दरवाजा बंद नहीं किया था।

### Past Continuous Tense

#### A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो) :

1. They were going to their school.
2. I was calling you.



3. Was you listening him?
4. People were shouting.
5. Dog was barking.
6. Children were playing with the toys.
7. Were teachers walking in the class?
8. Tailor was not sewing clothes.
9. Why boys were shouting?
10. Why monkeys were jumping?
11. Where was mouse playing?
12. Why lion was getting angry?

**B. Translate into Hindi. (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो) :**

1. मैं सो नहीं रहा था।
2. वे मेहमान का स्वागत कर रहे थे।
3. विराट कोहली खेल रहा है।
4. रोहन क्यों लड़ रहा था।
5. लोमड़ी जंगल में क्यों घूम रही थी।
6. सूरज निकल रहा था।
7. कक्षा शोर नहीं मचा रही थी।
8. लड़के कहाँ जा रहे थे।
9. वे हँस नहीं रहे थे।
10. वह बात नहीं कर रहा था।

**Past perfect Tense**

**A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो) :**

1. My camera had lost.
2. He had cooked delicious food.
3. She had shifted to new house.
4. He had earned enough money.
5. She had not given me her books.
6. He had not bought new car.
7. He had not completed his work.
8. Had I applied for the job?
9. Mother had eaten food.

10. Everyone had taken bath.
11. Evening had come.
12. Had he written the letter?

**B. Translate into Hindi. (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो) :**

1. वह मेरा इंतजार कर चुका था।
2. मैं टहलने जा चुका था।
3. उनकी पार्टी हो चुकी थी।
4. वे हमारे पास नहीं आ चुके थे।
5. वे कहाँ जा चुके थे?
6. वह क्यों चिल्ला चुकी थी।
7. कौन अपना काम नहीं कर चुका था।
8. मैं अपना खाना खा चुका था।
9. वे पेन चुरा चुके थे।

**Past perfect Continuous Tense**

**A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो) :**

1. Mother had been cooking food since 2'o clock.
2. I had not been learning my lesson since yesterday?
3. Had you been reading newspaper since two hours.
4. Where had you been living for two years?
5. For how many years your father had been waiting for you?
6. Seeta had been dancing since five hours.
7. Ali had been waiting on platform since 2'o clock.
8. Teacher had been preparing for three months.

**B. Translate into Hindi. (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो) :**

1. वह तीन दिन से मेरठ जा रही थी।
2. वे दस मिनट से मुझे देख रहे थे।
3. क्या वह दो घंटे से यहाँ से जा रहा था।
4. वह आधे घंटे से कहाँ खाना खा रहा था।

## Chapter-16 Future Tense

### A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो) :

1. Ram will eat chocolate.
2. Raveena and Babeeta will dance.
3. Mother will teach Sohan.
4. Photographer will click photograph.
5. Teachers will not go to class.
6. Fisherman will not catch fish.
7. Who will write on blackboard?
8. Gopi and Hari will do their work.
9. Cow will graze grass.
10. Teacher will teach us grammar.
11. Who will teach us Maths?

### B. Translate into Hindi. (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो) :

1. पेन्सिल से कौन लिखेगा।
2. वे कहानी लिखेंगे।
3. कविता कौन सुनाएगा?
4. माली पौधों को पानी देगा।
5. पौधे हमें फल देंगे।
6. वह पत्र नहीं लिखेगी।
7. रवि गेंद से नहीं खेलेगा।
8. वे क्रिकेट नहीं खेलेंगे।
9. हम शतरंज क्यों नहीं खेलेंगे?
10. विशाल निबंध लिखेगा।
11. विधार्थी वही में आएंगे।

## Future Continuous Tense

### A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो।)

1. Sudhir will be drinking tea.
2. Sun will be rising.
3. Children will be going to school.

4. Farmers will be ploughing fields.
5. Labourers will be working.
6. Tailor will be sewing clothes.
7. Raman will be studying.
8. Sheela will not be talking.
9. Children will not be sitting quietly.
10. Will Sheela be making noise?
11. Will the Principal be angry?
12. Which book you will be reading tomorrow?

**B. Translate into Hindi. (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो) :**

1. वह पढ़ रही होगी।
2. वे पतंग उड़ा रहे होंगे।
3. चिड़िया चहक रही होगी।
4. बन्दर पेड़ पर चढ़ रहे होंगे।
5. डाक्टर मरीज का इलाज कर रहे होंगे।
6. वह खाना नहीं बना रही होगी।
7. क्या वह पत्र लिख रही होगी।
8. क्या वे दौड़ में दौड़ रहे होंगे।
9. वह गाना नहीं गा रही होगी।
10. कल कौन नहीं आ रहा होगा।

**Future Perfect Tense**

**A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो)**

1. Children will have played.
2. Everyone will have gone to play.
3. Seeta will have gone to study.
4. Ram will have eaten the food.
5. Mother will have washed the clothes.
6. Doctor will have arrived.
7. Teacher will not have arrived.
8. We will have presented in class.

9. Teacher will have taught the class.
10. He will have written the song.
11. Children will have gone to market.
12. Children will not have played the match.
13. Will Aayush have brought the bat?

**B. Translate into Hindi. (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो) :**

1. मैं पत्र लिख चुकी होगी।
2. वे पार्टी के लिए जा चुके होंगे।
3. वे घर छोड़ जा चुका होगा।
4. वह पत्र नहीं लिख चुका होगा।
5. वह कागजात/ दस्जावेज जमा नहीं कर चुका होगा।
6. क्या तुमने पुस्तक पढ़ ली होगी।
7. क्या मैंने खेल खेला होगा?
8. तुम गोल्कोण्डा किला देख चुके होंगे।
9. बच्चा दूध पी चुका होगा।

**Future Perfect Continuous Tense**

**A. Translate into English. (अंग्रेजी में अनुवाद करो)**

1. Train will have been arrived at station at 8'o clock.
2. Farmer will not have been ploughing his fields since yesterday.
3. Will the guests have been arriving at our home till 2'o clock?
4. Why she will not have been drinking milk till now?
5. They will not have been watching movie since 2'o clock.
6. Sonu will not have been doing her work since Monday.
7. Will the hunter have been chasing the deer since two hours?

**B. Translate into Hindi. (हिंदी में अनुवाद करो) :**

1. आदमी दो बजे से तैर रहा होगा।
2. बैल एक घंटे से नहीं दौड़ रहे होंगे।

3. क्या वे मंच पर पाँच बजे से नृत्य कर रहे होंगे?
4. क्या रेलगाड़ी दस मिनट से स्टेशन से नहीं जा रही होगी।
5. मैं अंग्रेजी चार घंटे से पढ़ रहा हूँगा।
6. क्या वह तीन बजे से यहाँ बैठा होगा?
7. क्या वे एक महीने से पुस्तक पढ़ रहे होंगे?

### Chapter-19 : Story Sequencing

**2. Read the sentences below. Rewrite them in the correct order:**

- We woke up early.
- We ate breakfast.
- Dad bought some worms.
- Mom cooked our fish.

**1. Answer these questions:**

- (i) Dad and I went for fishing.
- (ii) They went to the bait store.
- (iii) They bought some worms.
- (iv) Mom cooked then.

### Chapter-21 : Reading Comprehension

**A. Read the story then answer the questions:**

1. Uncle has a new aeroplane.
2. Yellow and blue
3. Stars are there on the wings of the aeroplane.
4. Uncle and writer took a trip on the new plane.
5. Yellow bird.
6. It flies high.

**B. Read the story then answer the questions:**

1. Rahul likes to play in the rain.
2. Rahul put his raincoat and boots.
3. He goes outside.
4. Rahul splashes in puddles.
5. Rahul thought he is a duck.
6. Megha plays with Rahul sometimes in the rain.

